

EU 'profoundly indignant' at massacre

BRUSSELS (AFP) — The European Union (EU) expressed its "profound indignation" here Saturday at the Hebron massacre, and said Israel bore responsibility for protecting residents of the occupied territories. The EU issued a statement calling for a "full and immediate" inquiry into the shootings. But it appealed to all parties not to let the "tragic events" undermine or delay the Middle East peace process. "The European Union calls upon the parties to refuse to allow themselves to be drawn into a spiral of violence," EU European affairs ministers said in the statement. "While noting that the events have been condemned by the Israeli government, the EU holds that the authorities in the occupied territories must take full responsibility for protecting the inhabitants," it said. The president of the EU council of foreign ministers, Greece's Theodoros Pangalos, quoted Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat as saying that the attack could not have been carried out by one lone gunman. He quoted Mr. Arafat as saying in a letter to the EU that Israeli troops had fired on people escaping from the mosque, purportedly to stop the killer escaping.

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Massacre casts gloom over Mideast

Protests and demand for world action heard from Arab capitals

Israelis kill three more; violence erupts in Jaffa, ally held in Nazareth

Combined agency dispatches

ISRAELI SOLDIERS shot dead three Palestinian teenagers Saturday amid widespread protests across the occupied territories a day after a settler was killed in a Hebron mosque. The people of Hebron defied a curfew to mourn their dead and reacted stoically to news Israeli soldiers had killed three more Arabs in protests against the mosque massacre. Every neighbourhood in the town of 110,000 was dotted with rows of plastic stools for mourners, who passed from house to house to offer condolences to the families who lost relatives in Friday's slaughter at the Cave of the Patriarchs and its aftermath.

Soldiers and armed Jewish settlers patrolled the narrow streets to enforce a curfew but they did not break up the Palestinian wakes.

The settlers were supposed to be confined by the army to their five settlements in the Hebron area but they walked with Uzi sub-machineguns alongside soldiers.

Protests against the killings continued in the occupied territories and spread to the Arab towns of Jaffa and Nazareth inside Israel on Saturday.

At least 70 people have died since immigrant American doctor Baruch Goldstein sprayed bullets at Palestinians at prayer early on Friday. The massacre and ensuing clashes were the worst day of bloodshed in Israel's 27-year-old

occupation of the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Israel TV reported an army investigation found that two Israeli soldiers fired their weapons inside the mosque when they thought a colleague was in trouble and may have been responsible for some of the deaths. (see separate story)

Questions about army involvement fuelled fury over Friday's attack as troops killed three Palestinian teenagers and wounded more than 50 Arabs, two of them reported in critical condition, in widespread clashes throughout the West Bank and Gaza Strip Saturday.

Protests spread to Arab areas in Israel for the first time since the outbreak of the Palestinian uprising in December 1987.

Thousands of Israeli Arabs marched in the streets and threw stones at police who answered with tear-gas and shots in the air.

In Tel Aviv's Jaffa district, hundreds of Arabs attacked Jews, smashed the windows of Jewish stores and burned cars. In Nazareth, 3,000 protesters marched with placards calling for Israel to "disarm settlers and enforce the law." Some stoned the police station.

Israeli curfews were enforced across the occupied territories in a vain effort to contain the protests.

But the government was reported to be preparing to outlaw Kach, the anti-Arab group to which gunman Goldstein

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A Palestinian youth throws a tear-gas grenade back to Israeli soldiers at the Shawlat refugee camp in East Jerusalem during heavy clashes on Saturday (APF photos)

PLO: No U.S. talks unless demands met

Kaddoumi calls for international protection for Palestinians, dismantling of settlements

TUNIS (Agencies) — A senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official said there could be no peace talks with Israel in Washington unless international protection was guaranteed to Palestinians in the occupied territories and Jewish settlements were dismantled.

"Continuing negotiations is now impossible," PLO's foreign affairs chief Farouk Kaddoumi said in a statement.

The PLO made its demands after the massacre of Palestinians in a Hebron mosque by one or more Jewish settlers on Friday. Israeli officials have already rejected the conditions.

Commenting on President Bill Clinton's invitation to resume talks in Washington, (see page 2), Mr. Kaddoumi said: "Transporting negotiations is not enough. This invitation to

(Continued on page 5)

Arabs and Muslims enraged, demand international action

JICOSIA (Agencies) — Tens of thousands of angry demonstrators poured into the streets of Arab and Islamic capitals on Saturday to denounce the massacre of Muslim worshippers in the Israeli-occupied West Bank.

Islamic states asked the J.N. Security Council for immediate action to ensure international protection for the Palestinians in occupied territories and to force Israel to disarm Jewish settlers.

The 51-member Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) said in a statement from its Jeddah headquarters that the Friday killing of dozens of Palestinians in Hebron's Ibrahim Mosque was a blow to peace efforts.

It said OIC Secretary-General Hamid Al Gabid appealed to the Security Coun-

cil "to act with resolute firmness to secure the necessary international protection for the Palestinian citizens."

Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said on Saturday the PLO rejects the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) call for an international force to protect Palestinians in the occupied territories following the massacre.

The OIC statement said Mr. Gabid urged the Security Council "to force Israel to ensure an adequate climate for the success of the ongoing negotiations, by adhering (to the PLO-Israel peace accord)... and by disarming the Zionist settlers."

Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati called for an emergency meeting of OIC to consider coordinated Islamic action over the massacre.

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Amman protesters pledge retribution

By Mariam M. Shahin
Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Gloom, shock and anger hung over Amman Saturday as flags flew at half mast, many schoolchildren staged sporadic protest marches and a two-hour closure to mourn the victims of Friday's Hebron massacre.

Jordanians of all backgrounds showed their outrage by taking to the streets in one of the most spontaneous public outbursts of anger since the Gulf war. In Irbid, Salt, Baqaa and all over Amman, men, women and children took to the streets waving black and green as well as Palestinian flags, shouting Islamic slogans and calling for an end to "negotiations with the enemy."

"No need to speak with those who murder us. Speak their language, the language of jihad," said a speaker at the Al Husseini Mosque during noon prayers Saturday.

Speaking to a crowd of some 2,500 people gathered in the downtown square in front of the mosque after marching from different districts of Amman, the speakers urged Muslims to "return to your faith and become defenders of the faith in Palestine as in Bosnia."

"The trio that betrayed you," (Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak) Rabin, (U.S. President Bill) Clinton and (Palestinian leader Yasser) Arafat must not be allowed to pave the way of our future," said one speaker from inside the mosque whose address was broadcast through loudspeakers.

will face new massacres every day."

Reporters saw settlers carrying Uzi submachine guns mingling with soldiers outside the mosque after Friday's massacre.

Palestinian leaders and several witnesses had charged earlier that soldiers were involved in the attack.

Israeli Police Minister Nabil Shaath said Saturday eight of Friday's victims at the mosque were shot to death by soldiers at the mosque's entrance.

Egypt's Middle East News Agency reported.

"Palestinians pray daily in the mosque with the Israeli army guns pointed to their heads," Dr. Shaath was quoted as saying. "Where was the Israeli army at the time of the massacre?"

"There were absolutely no shots fired by Israeli soldiers," Mr. Shahin told Israeli radio.

He also dismissed claims of a plot.

(Continued on page 5)

Israeli soldiers killed several in massacre'

HEBRON, occupied West Bank (Agencies) — Israel television and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials said Saturday that not all of the mosque massacre victims were gunned down by a Jewish settler and that some had been killed by Israeli soldiers and others crushed to death in a stampede.

Israel TV and radio said revised figures indicated 58 Palestinians were killed Friday, including 39 in the mosque and 19 by troops in subsequent rioting. Some 250 were wounded in the mosque and later protests, the reports said.

The state-owned television, citing initial findings emerging from an Israeli army investigation, said the gunman left his home in the nearby Jewish settlement of Kiryat Arba at about 5:30 a.m. and arrived at the mosque and "not inside, not against the Arabs."

"Inside the mosque, nothing was shot. Here, at the entrance, they (soldiers) shot a few (bullets), but in the air," Gen. Barak told reporters outside the Ibrahim Mosque at the Tomb of the Patriarchs.

He said a full inquiry into the incident would be complete in one or two days.

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"Lieutenant-General Ehud Barak, the armed forces chief of staff, said soldiers fired only warning shots outside the mosque and "not inside, not against the Arabs."

of the worshippers were also crushed to death in the subsequent stampede," the report said.

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"Palestinians pray daily in the mosque with the Israeli army guns pointed to their heads," Dr. Shaath was quoted as saying. "Where was the Israeli army at the time of the massacre?"

"If no real protection is provided to the Palestinian people from the Israeli settlers, we will face new massacres every day."

'Clinton to host Rabin-Arafat summit'

TEL AVIV (AP) — The Clinton administration has invited Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat to a summit within the next few days in Washington. A spokesman for Mr. Rabin denied the report, saying the only invitation out of Washington was to lower-level peace negotiators to resume the talks. The TV report said the United States wants the two to meet to calm the region after a Jewish settler opened fire inside a mosque in Hebron on Friday, killing at least 60 worshippers. The report, citing sources close to Mr. Rabin, said he was ready to accept the invitation, but was waiting to hear from Mr. Arafat before formally announcing his intention to go. It quoted Mr. Rabin as saying, "I'm ready to go to Washington at any time." The report added that Mr. Rabin expected Mr. Arafat to agree. Mr. Rabin's spokesman, Gad Ben-Ari, said Israel was ready to send its delegation to the peace talks to Washington this week. "The invitation is to get negotiations moving again," Mr. Ben-Ari said denying any mention of a Rabin-Arafat summit.

Massacre casts gloom over Mideast

Protests and demand for world action heard from Arab capitals

Jordan shares grief, remains steadfast in support — King

His Majesty urges lawmakers to rise above disputes and personal clashes

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein said Saturday Jordan shared the grief of the Palestinians over the Hebron massacre and reaffirmed the Kingdom's support for the Palestinians' struggle to regain their land and rights.

"We are a united family, sharing the grief, the pain and the sadness covered by the dastardly crime — the ugliest that could be imagined, a crime that was committed at dawn Friday at Al Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron this Holy Month of Ramadan," King Hussein said.

"We would like to stress here that we stand by our brethren in the Israeli-occupied Arab lands not in these moments alone but in every moment of our life, supporting their steadfastness, their perseverance and their attachment to their land and their defence of their right. We are confident that they will come out victorious at the end," King Hussein said during a visit to Khalil Al Rahman Society in Amman where he offered his condolences over the death of the worshippers in the Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron.

"We stand with our brothers in these difficult circumstances as they face this crucial test and in their suffering. We back their efforts with all our potential and express solidarity with our brothers and the relatives of the martyrs and the wounded in the Hebron massacre," the King said.

"When we used to discuss the subject of holy places, calling for religious rule over Islamic holy places, our call was sincere and responsible," the King said.

(Continued on page 5)

Deputies condemn Israel, urge Arab-Islamic action

By Ayman Al Safadi
Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Lower House of Parliament Saturday strongly condemned "the ugly massacre committed by the Zionists authorities through its settlers" against Palestinian worshippers in the Cave of Patriarchs in Hebron on Friday and urged international protection for Palestinians in the occupied territories.

"As it condemns this crime and the conspiracy of the Israeli occupation forces with the settlers as well as the conspiracy of the hegemonic forces with the occupation, the (House) declares that it is time for Arab awakening," the deputies said.

"Statements of condemnation will not relieve the nation of its duty," the House said in a statement issued hours after the end of a special session held to discuss what House Speaker Taher Al Masri called a serious event and a huge massacre.

"Statements of condemnation have become abundant and so have international decisions... but the Zionist enemy continues to shed Palestinian blood," the statement said.

The House urged the Arab and Muslim nations "to confront the aggression, overcome their differences and unify their stands because (all Arab countries) are targeted."

In the statement, which was

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Jordan Times

Middle East News

Gulf Arabs blame Israeli government for massacre

DUBAI (Agencies) — Gulf Arab states held the Israeli government responsible for Friday's massacre by an Israeli settler of Palestinians at a mosque in the West Bank and hoped the attack would not jeopardise Middle East peace efforts.

The governments of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates condemned in separate statements the killing of at least 60 Palestinian worshippers and the wounding of scores by one or more Israeli settlers in Hebron.

They urged the international community and the United Nations to take practical measures to protect Palestinians in the occupied territories.

The official Saudi Press Agency quoted an official source as saying in a statement that "the Israeli government was responsible for this massacre for ignoring the crimes that Israeli settlers commit against unarmed Palestinians."

"The source said this crime might have negative effects on the peace process in the Middle East," SPA said.

Saudi Arabia blamed Israel for failing to stop settler attacks on Palestinians.

The Saudi official said the killings were a sign of extremism, chauvinism and disregard for human rights."

Urging the international community to protect the Palestinians, the official said "Israel is responsible for this massacre, for having ignored Israeli settlers' crimes against unarmed Palestinians."

The Emirates News Agency said an official source blamed in a statement the Israeli government "because it has allowed the settlers to arm themselves and ignored their attacks and repeated crimes against unarmed Palestinians."

The UAE source urged the U.N. "to take practical steps to protect the civilian Palestinians and especially to disarm the settlers and remove their settlements from occupied territories."

Qatar's Foreign Minister Sheikh Hamad Ben Jassim Ben

Jabir Al Thani hoped in a statement that the massacre would not affect the peace process, while a Kuwaiti Foreign Ministry spokesman told Kuwait's news agency KUNA that the Security Council should guarantee the rights and the safety of the Palestinians.

Lebanon called the massacre a reminder of the holocaust and said it would cloud the atmosphere at the Middle East peace talks.

Foreign Minister Faris Bouzez blamed the Israeli government, saying that while it held peace talks with the Arabs it also acted as a "partner" to Israeli radicals opposing peace.

"This massacre is a reminder of the holocaust," he told reporters. "This incident will disturb the atmosphere of the peace negotiations."

Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri said the massacre was the "natural result" of Israel's policy of putting settlers in the occupied territories and called for international action to end the occupation.

"We call the international community to ponder over this crime to find out its meaning which would lead to holding Israel fully responsible for shedding the blood of innocent people," he added. "What is required also is collective action which puts an end to the continuation of the Israeli occupation and pushes the peace process forward."

The pro-Iranian Hezbollah, which vehemently opposes peace talks with Israel, vowed to step up guerrilla attacks on Israeli forces occupying a buffer zone in South Lebanon.

Hezbollah (Party of God) said it would work with Palestinian groups to bring down the (PLO-Israeli) Gaza-Jericho deal which encourages Jews to commit massacres."

Sheikh Mohammad Hussein Fadlallah, spiritual leader of Lebanon's pro-Iranian Muslim fundamentalists, said the massacre showed there could be no coexistence between Arabs and Jews even if Arab states and Israel signed peace.

"The response (to the massacre) is that the Arab and

Islamic world should spring forth to wipe out Israel from existence, even after 50 years," Sheikh Fadlallah told worshippers in Beirut. "Only the struggle method... stands up to this Jewish method."

Mr. Bouzez accused the Israeli government of two-faced behaviour. He said it was simultaneously holding peace talks with the Palestine Liberation Organisation, Syria, Jordan and Lebanon and collaborating with Israeli radicals opposed to the negotiations.

"This incident is a result of the continuous provocation by the (Israeli) government as a result of its supporting the rejection (of the peace process) which is part of this government's policy," Mr. Bouzez said.

The Israeli government's attitude was one of "weakness at least towards those trying to work to sabotage the peace process," he added.

Libyan leader Colonel Moammar Qadhafi accused the Israeli government of masterminding the massacre.

In a statement distributed by the official JANA news agency, Colonel Qadhafi said that the massacre "is a horrible terrorist crime... rapidly planned by the Israeli government."

In a separate statement, JANA announced that Libya was in mourning. Islamic prayers for martyrs were recited in mosques across the country. The official radio and television cut away from normal programming and switched to mournful music and recitations from the Koran.

Col. Qadhafi accused the West of providing the Jewish state with arms and nuclear bombs to be used to quell "one of humanity's most sacred causes in the modern age."

"The West supports Israeli terrorism and treats the wretches of the Palestinian people like criminals," the statement monitored in Cairo said.

The statement added that "if there were a real Security Council and if there were a real United Nations other than the ones controlled by the Christ-

ians, we would see anyone supporting Israeli terrorism blacklisted, with a sea and air embargo imposed on them."

On Dec. 1, the U.N. Security Council stiffened air, arms and diplomatic sanctions imposed in April 1992. The new restrictions include a freeze on some Libyan financial assets and ban on supply of oil refinery equipment. Libya's main foreign currency earner is the oil industry.

In his statement, Col. Qadhafi compared Israeli lead-

ers with Palestinian guerrilla bosses implicated in some of the bloodiest attacks.

"Abu Nidal, Ahmad Jibril and others of the Palestinian people's fighters are angels compared to the Israeli monsters," he said.

Abu Nidal, whose real name is Sabri Al Banna, and Mr. Jibril lead factions that long ago broke with the Palestine Liberation Organisation's mainstream Fatah movement.

In Cairo, the outlawed Muslim Brotherhood party urged

the international community to send troops to protect Palestinian civilians and save holy Islamic and Christian sites.

"This terrible crime only reflects the Zionists' offensive nature," the Brotherhood said in a dispatch faxed to the Associated Press. They "took the country and made its owners into refugees or living under occupation and coercion."

The Muslim Brotherhood is tolerated by the Egyptian government but banned by law.



A Palestinian woman who has many relatives in Hebron in the occupied West Bank cries at her Baghdad residence Saturday following Friday's massacre of more than 60 Muslim worshippers at a mosque in Hebron (AFP photo)



Israeli soldiers keep watch over the Shawfat refugee camp in Jerusalem during heavy clashes following Friday's massacre of more than 60 Muslim worshippers at a mosque in the town of Hebron (AFP photo)

Palestinians by a Jewish settler in a mosque in the town of Hebron (AFP photo)

U.S. troops leaving Somalia with successes, failures

By Reid G. Miller

The Associated Press

MOGADISHU — Sword Base, Hunter Base, Victory Base.

They were incongruous, bellicose-sounding names for American military bases in Somalia, hard-edged names as inconsistent with a humanitarian mission as was the policy that guided it.

The famine, already waning, was halted. That triumph was soon obscured, however, as the humanitarian mission passed into the hands of the United Nations. It became a small-scale war that, ultimately, the American public could not stomach.

Only slightly over 2,000 American soldiers remain in Somalia, all but a handful assembled at the Mogadishu airport awaiting transport home. They abandoned the streets months ago to young Somalis toughs brandishing once-forbidden weapons.

As U.S. soldiers withdraw from Somalia, they leave behind a mixed record of success and failure in trying to rescue the nation from famine and anarchy and put it on a path towards democracy.

Their major success came early.

When U.S. Marines arrived on Dec. 9, 1992, the United Nations estimated that two million Somalis might die in a devastating famine.

More than 350,000 already were dead of starvation, disease and warfare among clan militias.

Within a month, more than 25,000 U.S. servicemen and women and 13,000 soldiers from 20 other nations had

opened blocked sea and air ports in Mogadishu and in the southern city of Kismayu. Food convoys were rolling into the interior along roads once controlled by bandits and warlords — "Indian country," the Americans called it.

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diminished the political influence of General Mohammad Farah Aideed, a warlord who controlled the southern half of Mogadishu.

Later, the United Nations accused him of masterminding attacks June 5 that killed 24 Pakistani peacekeepers. It put a \$25,000 price on his head and tried to arrest him. That effort ended when 18 Americans were killed in a battle with Gen. Aideed's militia Oct. 3-4 in a bungled attempt to arrest some of his lieutenants. The United Nations now treats Aideed as a political leader.

— Somalia is arguably no closer to democracy than when the Americans arrived. The United Nations is trying to build a government from the grass roots. Gen. Aideed rejects the U.N. effort and says he is close to forming his own transitional government in partnership with other faction leaders.

— Since the U.N. takeover

10 months ago, 25 Americans have been killed and 128 wounded in combat with militia forces. In all, the United Nations has lost 81 peacekeepers and had 329 wounded. No accurate count has been made of Somali casualties, but they are estimated in the hundreds. So many casualties would have been inconceivable a year ago.

— The Americans have been dealing with a group of thugs. The intelligentsia and the middle class left a long time ago. Any attempt to get a civil government short of dictatorship will have to lure the middle class and the refugees back into the country.

— I think you are going to see anarchy in this country, probably by the end of the year.

— The United States, and then the United Nations, tried

— The United Nations pins its hopes of controlling the violence on recruiting and training an independent 10,000-member national police force. The United States has contributed \$25 million in weapons, ammunition, vehicles and other equipment. U.N. officials say the force's success will depend on its acceptance by Somalis.

In his own words, Col. Qadhafi urged

the international community to send troops to protect Palestinian civilians and save holy Islamic and Christian sites.

"This terrible crime only reflects the Zionists' offensive nature," the Brotherhood said in a dispatch faxed to the Associated Press. They "took the country and made its owners into refugees or living under occupation and coercion."

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The emergency will start again.

American withdrawal began in January and will end next month in much the same way the initial intervention was launched more than a year ago, with the landing of U.S. Marines from 30 nations.

Other U.S. military officers said disarmament never was feasible in a country that both sides in the cold war had used as a dumping ground for hundreds of thousands of weapons of every description. Nor did they ever relish the task of trying to capture Gen. Aideed. Aided, a job that fell largely to the Americans and one they said was more suited to policemen than to soldiers.

— The Americans arrived with no thought of disarming Somalia or trying to build democratic institutions, goals they deemed either impossible or impracticable. But the United States lent its vote to a Security Council resolution giving those tasks to the U.N. force that took over from the U.S.-led military coalition in May. Earlier this month, the United Nations abandoned any idea of forcible disarmament.

— Since the U.N. takeover 10 months ago, 25 Americans have been killed and 128 wounded in combat with militia forces. In all, the United Nations has lost 81 peacekeepers and had 329 wounded. No accurate count has been made of Somali casualties, but they are estimated in the hundreds. So many casualties would have been inconceivable a year ago.

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— The breakdown came in defining the follow-on role of the U.N. force, said Raoul Archambault of the U.S. Army's 10th mountain Division. Its men and women were among more than 8,000 Americans who made up the largest single contingent in a 34,000-member U.N. force from 30 nations.

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His Majesty King Hussein Saturday performs the Maghreb prayers with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prince Abdullah Ben Al Hussein, Lower House of

Parliament Speaker Taher Masri and other religious officials and legislators. King Hussein later hosted an iftar for the Lower House deputies (Petra photo)

1-day public safety conference to improve present measures

By Rana Husseini
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A public safety conference will be held today (Sunday) under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan to review present safety procedures at institutions around the Kingdom and make recommendations and suggestions to improve these measures.

The one-day conference will discuss ways to ensure that public and private institutes and factories meet safety regulations, according to Captain Raouf Ma'ayah, director of public relations at the Civil Defence Department (CDD). Capt. Ma'ayah told the Jordan Times that all concerned

authorities will submit working papers, and recommendations and propose new legislation to ensure safety measures at all institutes.

He said participants will be divided into committees, and each committee will study the proposals then submit recommendations for approval.

Capt. Ma'ayah said there were continuous efforts by the authorities to conduct a conference on safety, but what spurred them to schedule Sunday's conference was the Safeway fire that occurred on Dec. 11, 1993. More than 300 people were injured in the incident, which was said to be caused by an electrical short circuit.

"The Safeway blaze was like

an alarm to us, and it was one of the important reasons for convening the conference," Capt. Ma'ayah told the Jordan Times.

He said, for example, when the new rules and regulations will be applied, all factories and corporations will be required to have first aid boxes.

In addition, he said, some newly-built factories do not meet safety specifications.

"But now, before obtaining a licence to build, they will be required to check with the CDD to make sure that they meet all safety regulations," Capt. Ma'ayah said.

Other participants to the conference included representatives of the ministries of Interior, Health and Labour.

Televideo link-up to provide access to Mayo Clinic experts

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Patients in Jordan will soon have access to the expertise of the Mayo Clinic of the U.S. in diagnosis and treatment without having to travel to the reputed medical facility in Rochester, Minnesota, under an agreement signed this month.

Jihad Barghouti, chairman of the Amman Diagnostic Centre, a private sector venture, said a direct satellite link with televideo facilities would be established with the Mayo Clinic to facilitate on-the-spot diagnosis of patients at the Amman centre.

In essence, the arrangement would mean that a patient could walk into the Amman Diagnostic Centre and be examined by the centre's doctors as well as Mayo Clinic experts who would have direct access to the patient through the video link-up.

The main link-up will be with the clinic in Rochester, but the overall network will include the clinic's centres in other parts of the United States. Dr. Barghouti told the Jordan Times.

Dr. Barghouti, an ear, nose and throat specialist, said the arrangement would initially involve the Amman Surgical Hospital from September before the Amman Diagnostic Centre is complete and ready to offer its services in 18 months.

The Amman Surgical Hos-

pital, which was set up in 1992, already has an arrangement under which its doctors consult with Mayo Clinic experts over the phone and fax.

The Amman Diagnostic Centre, which Dr. Barghouti chairs, has a capital of JD 12 million raised by 32 investors.

Dr. Barghouti is also deputy chairman of the board of directors of the Amman Surgical Hospital and a part-time practitioner there.

The agreement between the centre and the Mayo Clinic provides for an annual fee to be paid to the U.S. facility for the services in addition to other charges on a case-by-case basis, including regular visits by its experts to Amman.

Under the programme, Mayo Clinic experts will also offer training to doctors assigned by the Amman centre and deliver regular lectures on developments and advances in medicine over the satellite to audiences in Amman.

Dr. Barghouti said the Amman centre would not limit itself to any specialisation. "Our services will cover all areas of medicine," he told the Jordan Times.

The Mayo Clinic is one of the best medical facilities with a high international reputation. Many heads of state and statesmen have had treatment there.

His Majesty King Hussein underwent successful cancer surgery in the Rochester clinic in August 1992. He vi-

sited the facility twice since then for periodic check-ups. A third visit is scheduled for mid-1994.

Dr. Barghouti said King Hussein "gave his blessings and encouraged" the venture between the Amman Diagnostic Centre and the Mayo Clinic.

The new agreement was signed on Feb. 18 by Dr. Barghouti and Mayo Clinic Director Rick Colvin.

U.S. sources said the Mayo Clinic signed the agreement after it was satisfied with the "high level of medical expertise" available in Jordan.

Jordan boasts of housing some of the best medical facilities in the Middle East and has also noticed its mark as being the first country in the region to have successfully conducted several breakthrough operations, including the first test-tube baby in the Arab World.

The first heart transplant in the region was carried out at the King Hussein Medical Centre in 1985.

Dr. Barghouti himself is known for having conducted the first "cochlear implant" in the Middle East in 1986, making Jordan the 13th country in the world at that time to have successfully conducted such an operation.

The process involves implanting a "very sophisticated device in the human ear" to help address deafness, said Dr. Barghouti, who successfully conducted nearly 20 such operations since 1986.

Government supports Senate's call for Arab summit conference — Majali

Senators condemn Hebron massacre in special session

AMMAN (Petra) — The government Saturday said it supported a call by the Upper House of Parliament (Senate) to convene an Arab summit conference to discuss the Middle East situation in light of Friday's massacre of more than 60 Palestinians in Hebron. Addressing a special session of the Senate, Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali reiterated the government's demand that the Israeli settlements in the occupied Arab lands be dismantled.

The government also supports calls for convening a meeting of the Arab parliaments to adopt a pan-Arab stand on Israel's practices and its occupation of Arab lands, said the premier.

Dr. Majali said that the killing of the worshippers was a classical example of cold-blooded murder because there was no resistance, protest or attack on the part of the Arabs to provoke the Israeli assault.

In all negotiations with Israel Jordan has stressed that terrorism stemmed from the

presence of the Israeli settlements said Dr. Majali, adding that the Western nations realised the inherent danger of the settlements only after Friday's massacre.

He told the Senate that the United States, which has strongly condemned the Hebron massacre, has approved Jordan's request for holding continuous negotiations until a final result has materialised and subsequently the U.S. administration has called the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel to resume their negotiations immediately in Washington.

The prime minister said the Kingdom will continue to support its Palestinian brothers and coordinate its stand with the Syrians and the Lebanese in the peace negotiations.

He said that the government has allocated JD 100,000 to the families of the victims of Friday's terrorist attack.

His Majesty King Hussein Friday donated JD 10,000 to the families.

Dr. Majali added that the government has set up a spe-

cial fund to raise donations for the Palestinian people to help them withstand the consequences of the occupation.

The prime minister said that Saturday 5,000 persons marched in a demonstration in downtown Amman, another 5,000 people marched from Baqaa refugee camp to Sweileh, 400 walked in Zarqa and unspecified numbers marched in the refugee camps.

"Although we approve of public means of expression, we remain apprehensive that certain elements could infiltrate the marches and exploit them to conduct acts of violence," Dr. Majali said.

The prime minister's address followed several statements by senators who condemned the terrorist attack against the worshippers and demanded that the Arabs unify their ranks in the face of the Israeli occupation of Arab lands and holy shrines.

Senate Speaker Ahmad Lawzi said that the massacre ought to be a lesson to Arabs and Muslims and prompt them to be ready to face dangers and

challenges.

Senator Thouqan Hindawi said that the Senate should call for a revision of the Oslo and Cairo agreements between Israel and the PLO with a view to introducing an amendment calling for the termination of Jewish settlements in Arab lands.

Senator Nathir Rashid demanded that Jordan ask the United Nations to provide protection to the civilian population in the Arab lands.

According to Senator Naela Rashdan, the Arabs, through their continued divisions, are partly to blame for the plight of the Palestinian people.

Senator Ahmad Obeidat said the massacre represented an open message to the world that Israel gives no regard to international charters or laws and that its calls for peace with the Arabs are nothing but a form of deception to mislead world public opinion.

According to Senator Kamel Sharif, the massacre clearly showed that there can be no co-existence between the Arabs and the Israelis, adding

that the Zionism ideology clearly rejects any form of co-existence with the Arabs.

Later in a statement, the Senate condemned the massacre and called on the United Nations and the international community to take deterrent measures to guarantee protection for Palestinians living under Israeli occupation to prevent the repetition of such incidents.

The Senate stressed that the massacre was not an isolated individual measure as the Israeli authorities have been trying to describe it, but it was an inevitable outcome of Zionist dogma which is originally based on deepening feelings of malice and hatred against the Palestinian people.

"These malicious feelings were used to serve Israel's expansionist policies and to justify the occupation of Arab Palestine and the eviction of the majority of its legitimate people," said the statement.

The Senators also decided to donate their salaries for a month to the victims of the massacre and their families.

Hebron attack cuts into support for Mideast peace

By Jamal Halaby
Associated Press

HALIMEH, a Baqaa shopkeeper who fled Nablus in the West Bank in 1967. "The Israelis are liars and only want to kill us."

Speaking at the doorway of his shop, Mr. Abu Halimeh and his friends said armed struggle against Israel was the only way to regain Palestinian rights.

Coupled with what they see as Israeli procrastination in the peace talks, Friday's slaughter by a Jewish settler at a mosque in Hebron appeared to have convinced many that there cannot be a fair peace in the Middle East.

As they spoke, more than 2,500 Palestinian youths marched through the narrow streets of this camp, 27 kilometres north of Amman, chanting slogans against PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat and the peace process.

The demonstrators, led by masked knife-wielding activists of the Palestinian Islamist movement Hamas, shouted "Allahu Akbar," and vowed to avenge the Mosquée attack.

A Hamas spokesman said the group would target Israeli settlers.

No violence was reported from more than a dozen noisy

but peaceful demonstrations elsewhere.

"No to peace, yes to the gun," chanted more than 1,000 protesters who wound through

downtown Amman, where most shops in the bustling souk hung black flags signaling mourning.

More than 300 Islamist stu-

dents attempted to reach the U.S. embassy in Amman to register their protest at the Hebron killings, but were turned away by riot police.

against the occupation, said Dr. Abbadi.

The committee, he added, calls on the Jordanian people to contribute generously towards supporting the legitimate struggle of the Palestinian people.

Statements condemning the massacres were issued Saturday by the Jordan National Red Crescent Society (JNRC), the Arab Writers Association, the Jordanian Businessmen's Association, Jordanian political parties, the Jordanian Artists Association, the Higher Arab Committee for Palestine, the Middle East Council of Churches and the International Commission of Jurists in Geneva.

They demanded protection for the Palestinian under occupation and safeguards of the Arab institutions and holy places.

Intifada supporters donate JD 150,000 to victims of Friday massacre in Hebron

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordanian Popular Committee for Supporting the Palestinian Intifada in the occupied Arab lands Saturday announced the donation of JD 150,000 to the wounded and the families of those killed in Friday's massacre at Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron.

Committee Chairman Mamduh Al Abbadi said the donation reflects the committee's determination to pursue its efforts to come to the aid of brothers in the Israeli-held Arab lands and to support their steadfastness in the face of repression.

It is also a gesture to reaffirm the unity of blood and the common destiny of the Jordanian and the Palestinian people.

The committee has never stopped its support and help to the intifada and has been allo-

cating JD 1,000 to the families of martyrs and JD 300 to every wounded Palestinian to the course of resisting Israeli occupation, he said. The panel also provides medical treatment to many wounded persons in Jordanian hospitals and supports the work of charity organisations of the Palestinian lands, said Dr. Abbadi.

Committee Chairman Mamduh Al Abbadi said the donation reflects the committee's determination to pursue its efforts to come to the aid of brothers in the Israeli-held Arab lands and to support their steadfastness in the face of repression.

While condemning the massacre as a heinous crime perpetrated and executed in cold blood, the committee calls on all the Palestinian factions to end their differences, unite and step up their acts of resistance

in the holy places.

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want to make a profit without advertising," she added.

Although the Jordanian products were missing in this exhibition, Ms. Saleem said, individual Jordanian craftspeople, artists and designers contributed their artistic work to the fair.

The Queen Alia Fund for Social Development (QAF) is displaying rugs that were handmade by Jordanian women, according to Maha Saqqa, QAF marketing director.

"We have trained women, young and old on developing their skills in producing nice rugs, thus helping them learn new professions and helping them to establish themselves properly," Ms. Saqqa said.

Sabah Hadidi said that the display of his pottery at the fair reflects the Jordanian identity.

"The pottery reflects our beliefs and culture and is a chance for people in other countries to be exposed to our capabilities and perspectives," Mr. Hadidi said.

Asael, the exhibition's organiser, each participating store is displaying hand-made goods and international products.

The exhibition is considered the first in Jordan to specialise in women's products including perfumes, cosmetics, skin care products, make-up, hair products, underwear bags, pyjamas, home appliances, and clothing.

"We are hoping that this exhibition will become an annual event, because we are also planning to organise a women's and men's fair real soon," Mr. Abu Abah said.

Suhair Saleem, director of public relations at Asael, said the first day of the exhibition was very successful, but it lacked only the presence of Jordanian products.

"People need to be exposed to our national products and support them, and the best way to do this is through exhibitions," Ms. Saleem said.

"Most Jordanian manufacturers do not want to publicise their products, and they just

try to make a profit without advertising," she added.

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WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

- ★ Exhibition of paintings by Rihab Ghassib at The Gallery Inter-Continental Hotel.
- ★ Art exhibition by artist Jalal Arqat at Abd Al Art Gallery (10:00 a.m.-8:00 p.m. except Fridays).
- ★ Art exhibition by several artists at the Alia Art Gallery (8:30 a.m.-2:30 p.m.).
- ★ Art exhibition by Iraqi artists at the Royal Cultural Centre (8:30 p.m.-midnight).
- ★ Photo exhibition by artist Latifa Yousef at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- ★ Exhibition of medical herbs at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- ★ Book exhibition at the Royal Cultural Centre (7:00 p.m.-midnight).
- ★ Art exhibition by Jordanian artists at the Royal Cultural Centre (7:00 p.m.-midnight).
- ★ Wood carving exhibition by artist Samer Ousama at the French Cultural Centre.

King: Jordan shares Palestinians' grief

(Continued from page 1)

among the Arabs.

"What comforts us and alleviates our grief is the fact that our martyrs are now enjoying the company of God," King Hussein added.

"Jordan has faced numerous pressures, challenges and dangers in the past, and now we are confronting these pressures with clear vision and cooperation as we continue to let others who advocate cooperation, honesty, brotherly ties commitment and reunion," the King said.

"Had I known that I constituted an obstacle in the way of an Arab meeting I would not have remained in this position one more moment and the Arab leaders have heard me express this stand," King Hussein added.

We will pursue our endeavours and will renew our call for the aspired meeting through which we hope the Arab Nation would regain its deserved position in this world," the King stressed.

"We will exert our utmost potential and do all that in our power to keep our heads high and not bowing to anybody except God Almighty. We will defend our rights firmly in the face of all attempts to infringe on them and the rights of our kinsmen and brothers in their own land."

The King said that there had been much talk about peace and "we sincerely moved towards achieving a just and comprehensive peace that would be acceptable to the coming generations and not surrender and capitulation."

"We will continue to march hand in hand in sincere unity among the true Arabs and we will continue to meet not like



His Majesty King Hussein makes a brief address during a visit he paid to the Khalil Al Rahman Society to pay condolences over the death of

more than 60 Palestinians during an attack by one or more Jewish settlers in Hebron on Friday (Petra photo)

ruers and subjects but like brothers and kinsmen, members of a united family, shouldering the responsibility together and marching along the road towards right and justice," the King said.

The King was accompanied by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali and Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker.

Later, in an address to Parliament members, King Hussein reiterated that Jordan was and would always be supporting the Palestinian people in Hebron, Jerusalem and every other part of the Israeli-occupied territories.

In an address at an iftar he hosted at the Royal Court in honour of members of the Lower House of Parliament, Muslim and Christian clergy-

The King said any response to Friday's massacre should be well-studied "so that it bears fruitful results and enables us to shoulder our responsibilities towards the victims and control our emotions... and to be able to march on the right path hand in hand and with one heart."

The King, who along with the ifta guests performed the Maghrib and funeral prayers, stressed the importance of coordination and cooperation between the government and Parliament and called on all to "rise beyond minor issues and personal clashes which might

threaten the King's democritisation process."

King Hussein also called for having parliamentary norms and regulations that would enable deputies to contribute to shouldering their responsibilities.

He said Jordan's resumption of its democritisation process was not the result of popular pressure, but came in line with a decision taken by its leadership out of its conviction in the need to make Jordan an example and a model for other countries.

The banquet was attended by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Their Royal Highnesses Prince Abdullah, Prince Talal Ben Mohammad and Prince Ghazi Ben Mohammad, Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali, Sharif Zeid and the King's advisors.

PLO: No talks unless demands met

(Continued from page 1)

the PLO looks as if it is ignoring what happened yesterday..."

He said the PLO had entered the peace process but Israel practised terrorism. "How one can negotiate in such atmosphere? We have recalled our delegations to Tunis."

For talks to resume he said the U.N. Security Council should decide on the safety of Palestinians and the dismantlement of Jewish settlements.

"This is a Palestinian holocaust... the United States comes to cover this crime with an invitation to negotiations. This is not the question. There should be a guarantee of international protection for our isolated people in the occupied territories who face the Israeli military machine provided by

the United States," Mr. Kadoumi added.

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat said earlier Saturday he would consider the U.S. proposal to switch the peace talks with Israel to Washington, but added the peace process has "lost its credibility" after Friday's massacre.

"I am not against the meeting, but I want to know first what is in the platform," Mr. Arafat told French television networks TF1 and France 2.

"All the peace process had already lost its credibility, and especially after the massacre," Mr. Arafat said.

He said the killing was "a conspiracy between settlers and the army," disputing the Israeli government claim that it was done by a lone lunatic settler.

"No one alone can kill 60 and injure 256, no one, there is no Rambo," he said. "They were more than ten," including an army reserve officer, Mr. Arafat said.

Mr. Arafat said he expected a resurgence of violence in the occupied territories. "There will be retaliation, and no one can predict its extent," he warned.

Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres on Sunday rejected outright the call for international forces to be deployed in the territories.

One Palestinian witness backed the loner story saying Goldstein, branded a psychopath by Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin, changed his bullet clip three times.

Experts said a 35-bullet clip can be changed in a few seconds on the Gail rifle which could easily kill that amount of people in a closed space.

Military officials said about 100 bullet casings from the gun of the doctor were found in the mosque.

Dressed in his reserve major's uniform, he also threw at least three grenades, witnesses said, which was supported by the wounds sustained by some of the scores injured.

The army has still not published an official statement or death toll, but military officials said Goldstein was beaten to death with iron rods by worshippers.

However, Palestinian taxi driver Ashraf Mitzab said troops fired teargas and then live bullets.

"An Israeli came into the mosque. He was dressed in military clothes and... he began shooting from the back... and had time to change the clip on his gun and continue shooting," Mr. Mitzab told the Palestinian Human Rights Information Centre.

"People tried to run away but soldiers came into the mosque and used tear-gas at the entrance and also opened fire at people."

"It was impossible to tell who was shot by the settler and who by the soldiers. It all happened at the same time."

Israelis kill 3 more

(Continued from page 1)

belonged. The cabinet will meet Sunday to decide.

Soldiers closed off the mosque inside the Cave of the Patriarchs, a site holy to both Muslims and Jews.

The imam, unable to lead prayers in his mosque, joined mourners at wakes within sight of the imposing Jewish settlement of Kiryat Arba, home to Goldstein.

The minister said "damage control" contacts over the last 24 hours between Israel and the PLO as well as with the Americans and Europeans had proved positive.

"Everyone agrees that we have to push ahead with peace," the minister said. "The negotiations could go very fast now."

He said there was no problem with the Palestinian leadership, "what we fear is the Palestinian street."

"The coming days will be crucial. Things could get out of control in the territories."

For that reason, on top of international condemnation, Israel was under great pressure to come up with some real gestures such as an early release of Palestinian prisoners, to keep a lid on the violence, he said. Israel was weighing its next move, the minister added.

"This is the peace we are having with Israel?" asked

Lawmakers demand Arab-Islamic action

(Continued from page 1)

Majesty the King's and the government's constitutional right to negotiate treaties.

"I don't think that there is anybody in the house who would try to outbid His Majesty the King and the government in maintaining our national rights," Mr. Kabariti said.

IAF Deputy Bassam Omoush stood up in anger in response to Mr. Kabariti's statement saying he rejects describing the IAF request as superficial or an attempt to outbid the King.

With his hand on an ashtray in front of him, Dr. Omoush shouted that Mr. Kabariti cannot categorise what other deputies say before he walked out of the session in anger after other legislators interfered to contain the argument.

In his strongest remarks to deputies yet, Mr. Masri said he would no longer tolerate the kind of disputes and heated exchanges that marred most of the House's recent sessions.

Protesters

Vow revenge

(Continued from page 1)

Police sealed off much of downtown and traffic came to a halt while the speakers addressed the crowd.

A heavy police presence was visible all over the city. Embassies, foreign banks and many other international organisations, fearing emotional reprisals owing to their foreign affiliations, reported a security alert. The day passed without incident, however.

Numerous Amman groceries, many of them owned by natives of Hebron, closed for the entire day to mark the first day after the killings.

All shops downtown were closed and black flags flew from the shutters of many.

The crowd at the Hashemite Square in downtown continued their march and converged at the Roman Amphitheatre at around 1:30 p.m. and dispersed soon afterwards. The demonstrations were organised by the Islamic Action Front and a group of pan-Arab leftist parties.

Schoolchildren who were let out of school at 12:00 p.m. began demonstrations in their local neighbourhoods. Students at the University of Jordan also staged a protest.

Groups of 40 to 60 schoolchildren could be seen Saturday in various parts of Shmeisani, Downtown, Jabal Taj and Joffe, Garden Street and Bayader Wadi Seer as well

as the Baqaa and Wahdat camps raising the Palestinian flag and shouting slogans to protest Friday's killings.

A group of 60 students with green arm bands shouting "there is no god but God" converged on the closed American embassy in Abdoun in the morning hours but were turned back by American embassy guards and police. It was the first reported group of protesters to converge on the embassy, built two years ago, the group left no statement and did not identify themselves, according to embassy staff.

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Experts urge private investment in Palestinian territories

WASHINGTON (USIA) — Officials from the United States and Israel have joined a Palestinian expert in urging private American investors to explore opportunities in the West Bank and Gaza.

Emphasising the connection between economic growth and political stability, Anees Barghouti, director of the Washington-based Palestine Affairs Centre, urged potential investors to consider the humanitarian side of doing business in the occupied territories. "The risk is worth taking," he said. "You won't only be making profits."

He spoke during a luncheon organised by the District of Columbia Bar for the benefit of attorneys and clients who either have interest in Israel.

"There is no doubt,"

he said, "that political issues are hindering progress in the economic sphere."

At the same time, interest in regional business opportunities is increasing," Mr. Reiner said. He illustrated the point by noting that: Construction firms are positioning themselves to work with local contractors on infrastructure projects in the territories; three firms have received permits for concrete plants in Gaza, where about 20 apartment buildings in the 20-story range are already under construction; an entrepreneur from Gaza has inquired about an American fast-food franchise; and other executives have asked about licensing arrangements in road construction and engineering.

Mr. Reiner added that the medical and building material sectors are expected to grow rapidly, once implementation of the Israel-PLO accord takes effect.

Promoting the economic growth necessary to support the peace process will be difficult, "but we are not working in a vacuum," Mr. Reiner said. "This is not the first time two hostile parties have decided to make peace, and — however difficult — economic development is not uncharted."

He pointed out that both the World Bank and a group of Israeli, Palestinian, Jordanian and American economists had analysed the regional economy and established guidelines for cooperation. They and other

experts agree, Mr. Reiner said, on the necessity of open markets.

"The parties involved in this evolving economic relationship cannot afford to isolate themselves. Free trade and open markets are necessary to stimulate the private sector and support economic growth," he said.

Although Palestinians might be tempted to support a total cutoff from Israel, such a course would be counterproductive, Mr. Reiner said. Among other things, they need to avail themselves of the Israeli job market, he pointed out.

"While the Palestinians must have the freedom to develop their own policies, what they

do in the first one or two years will be extremely important, because it's going to the psychological stage for or against economic expansion," the U.S. official said.

Mr. Barghouti told the gathering that in addition to establishing an independent state, the Palestinians are "determined" to create an economic confederation with Jordan which could eventually include Israel.

Like Mr. Reiner, he listed a number of areas that potential investors ought to explore, including the sectors of tourism, transportation, agriculture, housing and water and sewage treatment. Mr. Barghouti noted that the Palestinian economy needs to be recon-

structed from top to bottom, having been "literally devastated" by the Israeli occupation.

Any help from investors — technical or otherwise — is welcome," Mr. Barghouti said. He warned that support among Palestinians for the Israel-PLO declaration has dropped as the talks on implementation have lagged. "Palestinians need to see improvement on the ground," he said, if they are to maintain faith in the political process.

Although he approached the issue from a different perspective, Mr. Neubach agreed that the occupied territories — especially Gaza — are in "desperate" need of investment.

"The need is huge. Everything has to be built from scratch," he said. On particular points, however, he disagreed with Mr. Barghouti. For example, he said that proposals for building a seaport in Gaza or for new international airports in Gaza and possibly Jerusalem are misguided. "The most important need is for infrastructure," he said. "They don't need flags and they don't need symbols — they need food and jobs and houses and education," Mr. Neubach said of the Gaza Palestinians.

Mr. Neubach also made a pitch for investors to consider opportunities in Israel, particularly the medical, telecommunications, transportation and tourist industries.

Bank of Greece will follow tight monetary policy in 1994

ATHENS, Greece (AP) — The Central Bank of Greece has said it will follow a tight monetary policy for 1994 and strive to help the government bring inflation into the single digits by the end of the year.

"Slowing inflation will be the focus of our policy. That will be the bank's central direction," Governor Ioannis Boutos told a news conference.

He said the bank will also try to restrict total credit expansion from six to eight per cent, down from 13.1 per cent in 1993, in order to curb an increase in the money supply.

Mr. Boutos added that the bank's exchange policy will focus on allowing a drachma slide to help deflation. He said the slide would reflect the difference in inflation rates between Greece and other EU countries.

Inflation was running at 11.1

per cent in January, more than three times the EU average of 3.5 per cent, and Mr. Boutos said he hoped it would drop to about 10 in the next two months. He said the drachma slid 13.9 per cent against the dollar in 1993 and 6.65 per cent against the European Currency Unit (ECU). The central bank's discount rate has been 21.5 per cent.

Mr. Boutos said interest rates would continue to drop during the year, but the decrease would depend on achieving lower inflation and tight exchange practices.

But he said Greece would have to retain slightly higher interest rates until after July — when currency controls are to be deregulated — in order to prevent capital flight.

The governor added that interest rates would also be affected by Greece's outstand-

ing short-term debt obligation, which the government has placed at 2.5 trillion drachma (\$10 billion). The public debt was nearly 20 trillion (\$80 billion) in 1993.

His statements came a week after Moody's Investors Service Inc. said it was downgrading its rating on the Bank of Greece's foreign currency debt.

The bank had acted as the issuer on about \$10 billion on behalf of the government until January 1994.

Moody's pointed to a continued deterioration of fiscal balances, exacerbated by a rapidly growing debt burden.

It added that substantial fiscal reforms needed to counter the deterioration were unlikely to be implemented in the short term due to the lack of political will.

The government is planning to submit new tax legislation

Jobless rate in Spain nears 24%

MADRID (AFP) — Spain had 3.68 million unemployed workers at the end of last year, 23.90 per cent of the work force against a rate of 20.08 per cent at end-1992, the economics ministry has announced in Madrid.

Spain has the highest jobless rate of all 12 European Union countries.

The number of unemployed workers rose by 635,000 last year and by 136,000 during the last quarter of last year, even though economic growth was not negative in that quarter for the first time since the end of 1992.

According to the Bank of Spain, Spanish gross domestic product dropped by 0.9 per cent last year in real terms.

Economics Minister Pedro Solbes said that unemployment would continue to rise.

Tunisia to open currencies market on first of March

TUNIS (R) — Tunisia, in a move toward a more outward-looking financial policy, is to open a domestic foreign exchange market on March 1, Central Bank of Tunisia (BCT) officials said.

The market, to be established between banks, will permit quoting of foreign currencies against the Tunisian dinar, up to now a monopoly of the central bank.

The change is part of financial reforms which last year established currency convertibility for capital account transactions for non-residents and eased restrictions over capital transactions by residents.

"This new step in the financial liberalisation aims at removing all obstacles in the way of the firms' operations and at integrating the Tunisian economy into the international market," said Mrabet, head of the BCT's external finances, told Reuters.

He said it was made possible by a positive performance of the convertibility reform introduced last year.

"We didn't see a drain of capital as a result of convertibility. Our currency increased to 930 million dinars (\$930 million) on Dec. 31, 1993 from \$850 million dinars (\$850 million) on Dec. 31, 1992," Mr.

The Guardian newspaper reported Saturday that British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd was planning to announce changes to the system this week which would limit aid to very poor countries, disqualifying countries like Malaysia.

But they could not confirm a report in the Financial Times newspaper that former Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, whose rapport with Mr. Mahathir in the 1980s ended an earlier rift and eased the way for the Pergau dam project, was offering to help.

"We have had no approach from Lady Thatcher," one said.

The dam, being built with a

£234 million (\$346.6 million) aid grant, is at the centre of the "arms-for-aid controversy" which led to British companies being barred from any new government contracts. Critics allege the aid payment, Britain's biggest ever, was a secret "sweetener" for a 1988 arms deal in which Malaysia bought British fighter aircraft worth nearly £1 billion (\$1.5 billion).

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Recession-hit Fiat to shed 16,300 jobs

ROME (AFP) — Italian conglomerate Fiat is to shed 16,300 jobs under a two-year accord to revive the recession-hit firm agreed by directors and unions, the company said Saturday.

The job cuts, which involve a package of early retirements and long-term layoffs funded jointly by the company and the firm said.

They were announced in the wake of massive company losses which reached 1,800 billion lire (\$1.05 billion) in 1993.

The accord, which was agreed at the beginning of the week, was signed overnight Friday in the presence of Employment Minister Gino Giugni.

As of the end of 1993, Fiat was active in a variety of sectors, including industrial vehicles, farm machinery, metalwork, electronics, robotics, publishing and insurance.

Its workforce was 261,500, including 120,330 in the auto construction sector.

Under the accord, 8,800 mostly auto construction staff will lose their jobs by 1996, including 6,600 who will take early retirement funded by the state to the tune of 150 billion lire (\$90 million).

The other 2,200 will receive a guaranteed monthly income of around 1.1 million lire (\$700) — equivalent to half the average wage for a Fiat worker — until retirement.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY FEBRUARY 27, 1994

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day of many moods and different activities, so make a point to keep calm and unperturbed as possible. See that everything is in its right place and working normally. Show consideration to others?

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19)

Take time for meditation early in the day and adopt the right philosophy for the future. Make this a worthwhile day for all that are around you.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

Study your relationship with friends and know where they fit best in your future plans. Catch up on your rest today so you will be fresh for next week.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21)

Seek the company of influential persons who can be helpful in furthering your career. Devote this evening to loved one and much happiness abounds.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21)

Plan how to advance through the auspices of important and clever individuals you know. Strive for happiness in your everyday life.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21)

A good time to make plans that could give you more abundance in the days ahead. Don't be taken in by doubtful persons who could cause you misery.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22)

Plan how to gain more

benefits from relationships you now have. Forget that easy chair and be more active and happy on this most beneficial day.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22)

A good day to come to a better understanding with family members. Plan how to show gratitude and increase harmony to some enterprising person.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21)

Arrange to be with friends you truly like for the recreation you desire. Plan the week ahead so that it becomes more productive in any project you are involved with.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21)

Make plans to improve your status is your line of endeavour. Take mate out of charming places in the evening and you will be much loved.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20)

Good day to study whatever is spiritual and educational. Visit friends and relatives and express happiness in being with their company.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19)

Study new methods and ideas that can bring you greater income in the future. Make needed repairs to property which have been put aside.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20)

Make the right arrangements for gaining personal aims. The evening is best for being with persons you enjoy the company of seeing.

THE Daily Crossword by Melvin Kenworthy



World News

U.S., N. Korea reach agreement

UNITED NATIONS (R) — North Korea has agreed to open some nuclear facilities to immediate international inspections in exchange for U.S. moves to end the Communist country's isolation once the examiners begin work next week.

In another example of brinkmanship that has characterised the year-long controversy, Pyongyang's officials agreed late Friday to issue visas immediately to inspectors from the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) so they could travel this weekend and begin work by March 1.

The United States and North Korea are expected to hold a third round of high-level talks in Geneva on March 21 if the inspections are completed.

In addition, Washington is expected to announce a suspension of military exercises with South Korea for 1994.

The two Koreas are also to start their own dialogue.

"We have reached an agreement that will enable the IAEA inspections to begin in Pyongyang on March 1. We welcome that agreement," announced Thomas Hubbard, a U.S. deputy assistant secretary of state.

"This is only a first step toward the resolution of the nuclear issue but we are pleased that these needed inspections... will in fact begin," he added.

After months of resistance, North Korea last week agreed to allow inspections at seven sites but then did not issue

IAEA inspectors get visas

VIENNA (AFP) — Inspectors from the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) Saturday received visas to visit North Korea to inspect seven nuclear sites, the agency said in a statement.

A seven-member IAEA inspection team would leave Vienna Sunday, and arrive in Pyongyang Tuesday, following North Korea's acceptance that inspections could go ahead from March 1, the statement added.

visas to the IAEA examiners. The IAEA had threatened to turn over the issue to the U.N. Security Council next week, which has the power to impose trade sanctions.

But Pyongyang has not yet agreed to access for two suspect sites that experts say are crucial to full knowledge of North Korea's nuclear capabilities.

Mr. Hubbard had conducted mid-level negotiations in a United Nations basement room throughout the week with Ho Jung, North Korea's deputy U.N. permanent representative.

He said that Washington would announce the remainder of the agreement on March 1 — after the inspectors had arrived in Pyongyang and had begun their work.

But Mr. Ho stole his thunder and filled in the remaining details, which he said were four simultaneous steps to be taken on March 1:

— The United States announces its intention to suspend its "Team Spirit" military exercises with South Korea in 1994.

— Inspections by the IAEA begin and will be completed within the period agreed on earlier by both sides.

— Working level contacts resume between North and South Korea on the exchange of special envoys. No date was given.

— The United States and North Korea announce that a third round of high-level talks will begin on March 21 in Geneva.

Mr. Kyd said details of the newly agreed arrangements were still awaited in Vienna: "The North Korean representatives here have no instructions so far. We are all waiting here for word."

In a separate development, talks between South and North Korea are expected to reopen as early as the coming week under a package deal that diplomatic talks with the United States will not begin until the inspections have been completed. But he did not rule out setting a schedule for them in advance.

Meanwhile, United Nations nuclear experts were ready and waiting to fly to North Korea following its decision to open suspect nuclear sites to inspection.

for Saturday's resumption of talks.

Talks between the government, African National Congress (ANC) and the conservative Freedom Alliance, which includes the IFP, broke down earlier this month.

Government spokesman Niel Du Bois said if an agreement was reached with the king and the IFP, the new proposal would have to be approved by the multi-party negotiating council before being submitted to parliament for inclusion in the interim constitution to come into effect after the election.

But King Goodwill said before Saturday's meeting that the proposal was "fundamentally flawed because by its very nature, my demand

cannot be met by any amount of amendments to that constitution."

"That constitution is completely irrelevant to the question of the recognition of the right to sovereignty of the Kingdom of Kwazulu," he said.

In further efforts to kick-start stalled negotiations, ANC President Nelson Mandela managed to persuade Mr. Buthelezi, his bitter political rival, to meet him next Tuesday.

That meeting will take place as the parliament sits in Cape Town to legislate last minute changes to the constitution that were offered by the ANC and the government to Mr. Buthelezi and his black and white conservative allies in the Alliance.

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NEWS IN BRIEF

Zhirinovsky has not lost his seat — aide

MOSCOW (R) — An aide to Russian ultra-nationalist leader Vladimir Zhirinovsky said Saturday his seat in parliament was not in danger despite a court ruling that his election last December was invalid. A Russian district court ruled Friday that election procedure had been violated in the constituency from which Mr. Zhirinovsky was elected to parliament and said the Dec. 12 poll was invalid. But officials at Mr. Zhirinovsky's far-right Liberal Democratic Party headquarters begged to differ. "His mandate is not threatened in any way," a spokesman told Reuters. "I won't go into details, but in practice the decision is of no importance. Forget the court ruling." The move by the Shchelkovo District Court, reported by Interfax News Agency, can be appealed against within 10 days. The ruling came after one of the five losing contenders for the constituency, Professor Oleg Novikov, filed a formal complaint that election regulations had been violated. He alleged that candidates had not enjoyed equal access to television, as provided by the rules, and that the ballot paper contained the name of a contender who had pulled out of the election race.

Sinn Fein starts key annual meeting

TALLAGHT, Ireland (R) — A top official of Sinn Fein, political wing of the IRA, accused Britain Saturday of double standards in its quest for peace in Northern Ireland. National Chairman Tom Hartley asked why British Prime Minister John Major stubbornly refused to discuss an Anglo-Irish peace plan with Sinn Fein despite having had secret contacts with the party over three years. In a keynote address to Sinn Fein's two-day annual conference Mr. Hartley called on the British government to drop its objections to direct talks with the party to clarify the Dec. 15 plan. He said Mr. Major failed to clarify key issues in a Friday article in a Belfast-based newspaper in which the British premier urged Sinn Fein to endorse the Anglo-Irish joint declaration to end 25 years of Northern Ireland conflict. "He claims the declaration is clear. I am saying it is not. He says there are no problems with the text. I am saying and so are many other people that there is a problem with the text, hence the need for clarification," Mr. Hartley said.

U.S. launches largest MIA search

HANOI (AFP) — U.S. military teams flew into Vietnam Saturday for the largest search yet for the remains of service personnel still classified as Missing In Action (MIA) from the Vietnam War. Eight teams of experts will be excavating crash sites or places where U.S. personnel are believed to have been buried in the northernmost provinces and in the south of the country. The search, the 28th joint mission by the United States and Vietnam, is the first since the lifting of the U.S. trade embargo by President Bill Clinton on Feb. 4. Lieutenant Colonel John Cray, the head of the U.S. effort here, tried to dispel fears among some U.S. veterans' groups that Hanoi might ease up on its assistance in the MIA search after the lifting of the trade embargo. He said Vietnamese authorities had "never gone into such detail before" in their preparation for the latest mission. "Their office worked through weekends to prepare for the 28th joint mission," Col. Cray said, adding that Vietnamese officials had agreed to all the U.S. requests ahead of the searches. "For our counterparts on the Vietnamese side, the lifting of the embargo has encouraged them as they have seen their efforts recognised," he said.

Li Peng: No wavering on Hong Kong

BELING (R) — Premier Li Peng vowed that China would stick to its guns in its row with Britain over the political future of Hong Kong and warned London not to underestimate Chinese resolve. "Under no circumstances will the Chinese government waver in its determination to recover China's sovereignty over Hong Kong," Mr. Li was quoted as saying by the official Xinhua News Agency Saturday. "China is not what it was 150 years ago. It now enjoys political stability and an ever-growing economy. We are full of confidence in the future of our motherland," Mr. Li said. "I am sure that Hong Kong will achieve smooth transition and long-term prosperity and stability." Mr. Li said. China Thursday flatly declared that the door was completely closed to any further negotiations with London over Governor Chris Patten's plan for political reforms in Hong Kong before it reverts to Chinese control in 1997. Zhang Junsheng, vice director of China's Xinhua News Agency in Hong Kong, was quoted Saturday lashing out at Britain for releasing contents of Sino-British talks on Hong Kong and warning China would retaliate. Britain released its version of the 17 rounds of fruitless talks with China Thursday.

Fiji's Rabuka claims poll victory

SUVA, Fiji (R) — Fijian Prime Minister Sitiveni Rabuka claimed victory Saturday in Fiji's general election and said his new government may include Indian politicians ousted by him in a military coup in 1987. "Any victory is good," Mr. Rabuka said at a victory press conference in a large open shed behind his home in the capital Suva where he had gathered party faithful to drink Fiji's traditional intoxicant kava from coconut shells. Rabuka said his ruling Soqosoqo Ni Vakevulewa Ni Taukei (SVT), or Fijian Political Party, won 31 seats and with the support of the mixed-race General Voters Party (GVP) and two independents would again form a government almost identical to his previous one. The SVT held 30 seats in the old parliament. "It's just satisfying to know that the people still have confidence in the party," Mr. Rabuka said. "I am very happy." Mr. Rabuka said he expected President Ratu Sir Kamisese Mara to appoint him prime minister in the next two days. Under Fiji's 1990 racially-biased constitution indigenous Fijians are guaranteed a majority of 37 seats in the one house 70-seat parliament, but the president must appoint an indigenous Fijian prime minister with the majority support of parliament. Mr. Rabuka said the snap election, called after SVT rebels blocked his 1994 budget, had interrupted his efforts to create national unity with the country's ethnic Indians.

S. African mine disaster toll falls to 12

JOHANNESBURG (R) — Rescue workers reduced the number of casualties from a mudslide after a gold mine dam burst, saying Saturday that 13 people had been killed and 34 were still missing. Police spokeswoman Marie Louw said the previous death toll of 13 was wrong because one body had been counted twice. The number of missing had shrunk by one after seven more people had reported in. She said rescue workers digging throughout the waste, which engulfed hundreds of homes in the Orange Free State town of Virginia hoped more of those listed missing had sought refuge with relatives and friends and would eventually come forward. A two-metre (six-foot) high wave of waste, laced with cyanide used to extract gold from ore, roared through the area below the 20-year-old dam which gave way during a rainstorm Tuesday.

Under new legislation, three quarters of Italy's deputies and senators will be elected in a single round of simple majority voting while the remaining quarter will be elected by the proportional system.

Complicated new rules



operation 15 days after the mortar attack which caused many casualties (AFP photo)

Fragile truce holds between Bosnian Muslims, Croats ahead of U.S. talks

VITEZ, Bosnia (R) — A fragile ceasefire between Muslim and Croat rivals in central Bosnia entered its second day Saturday as their leaders gathered in Washington for talks on a possible confederation.

Western defence analysts say countries fearing being sucked into an intractable Balkan conflict with no escape route if they commit troops to the region as peacekeepers.

The United States has said it would only send troops once an overall peace settlement had been signed. Those countries with troops already in Bosnia have become wary of providing more.

Under the ceasefire, the two sides are supposed to withdraw their heavy weapons from the front lines or turn them over to UNPROFOR by March 7.

The ceasefire seems to be holding. The few violations so far can be excused by bad communication," Brigadier John Reith, a senior British commander in Bosnia, said Saturday.

In Vitez, the central town of the contested Lasva Valley where the Muslims have 65,000 Croats surrounded, the U.N. reported 24 violations — mostly small arms fire — in the two hours after the Friday noon (1100 GMT) deadline.

But the central Bosnian plan is much broader, calling for the massive interposition of U.N. troops between opposing forces along a 350 kilometre long confrontation line.

The truce, which was agreed Wednesday, is intended to pave the way for the possible formation of a unified bi-national Bosnian state to end the ruinous Muslim-Croat war over territory in industrially-developed central Bosnia.

Muslim and Croats, allies against Serbs when Bosnia's civil war began almost two years ago, have been fighting each other for territory in the region since last spring.

The United States is pressing them to heal their rift and has called both sides to talks in Washington at the weekend to discuss uniting and forming a confederation with the neighbouring Republic of Croatia.

The plan would effectively bring about Bosnia's carve up between Croatia and Serbia which diplomats have always suspected was their goal since the conflict began.

But it would potentially offer Muslims a better future than the tiny ethnic mini-state offered to them under a U.N.-sponsored plan to divide Bosnia in three mini-states.

Sarajevo continued to be calm after the NATO air strikes threat forced the Serbs to withdraw their siege guns.

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It had not been clear since he left our movement, but our personal links make me feel her brutal and scandalous disappearance as a personal emotion," he added.

French newspapers reported Ms. Piat had received anonymous threats during her last electoral campaign in March.

"She recently told me that her region had become a dangerous area for those who fought against the mafia," television interviewer Henri De Virieux, who hosts a weekly programme on politics, told Europe 1 Radio.

"When we were preparing to receive her on the programme, she said: 'If you come to Toulon, be careful,'" he said.

Andre Ride, public prosecutor in Toulon, told reporters her murder to stand against the party.

Police have reported mafia-style gangs are active in the area, trafficking in drugs as well as laundering their money through local casinos and nightclubs.

Piat, a mother of two, had planned to stand for mayor of Hyeres, on a platform including anti-drug measures.

She first entered parliament in March 1986 as a member of the extreme-right National Front but later fell out with the party and was expelled in October 1988. She was a goddaughter of its leader Jean-Marie Le Pen.

She heavily criticised Mr. Le Pen after he made a play on words over the deaths of Jews in concentration camps during World War II.

A relative of Ms. Piat, who would not be named, said she had "very tense relations" with local supporters of the National Front. But he refused to link

the murder to her stand against the party.

"I am concerned on a personal level even though we have been in political disagreement for several years," Mr. Le Pen said Saturday.

"I had not seen her since she left our movement, but our personal links make me feel her brutal and scandalous disappearance as a personal emotion," he added.

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Sports

JORDAN TIMES, SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1994 9

Jordan soccer league championship full of surprises in its 15th week

By Aileen Bannayan
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Although two scheduled matches were postponed because of prevailing weather conditions, the 15th week of soccer's first division championship seemed to be full of surprises.

The week's most stunning result was lowly Al Baqaa's 4-2 win over 4th placed Al Ramtha. Al Qadissieh also surprised and delighted their fans when they upset 3rd placed Al Hussein 3-1.

League leaders Al Faisali remained in first place and will meet Al Ahli Monday in one of the postponed matches, hoping to continue their remarkable unbeaten streak and widen their lead to 13 points.

Al Wihdat could considerably advance their standing when they play Sahab in the second postponed match Sunday.

Al Qadissieh's victory over Al Hussein went to prove that Al Qadissieh were making an unmistakable convincing comeback in the second leg of the tournament. They have so far defeated Al Yarmouk 6-2, Al Ahli 3-1 and drew with Sahab 1-1. Their victories were much aided by the brilliance of key striker Mustafa Adam who has the league's best scoring record with 12 goals so far.

Ismail Awadat opened scoring for Al Qadissieh in the 15th

minute, and Dayan Saleh stunned Al Hussein with goal only two minutes later.

Al Hussein repeatedly tried to score and succeeded in the 56th minute. They later lost an opportunity to equalise when they missed scoring from a penalty shot in 65th minute.

Though Al Qadissieh's Adam did not score, he assisted teammate Munir Hanafi in sealing their team's 3-1 precious victory.

Newcomers Al Fuheis were another surprise team when they scored an important 2-1 win over Al Jazireh to move from last to 10th place in the team standings.

Al Jazireh lost some easy scoring chances at the beginning, but Al Fuheis were the first to score by Khader Mubarak in the 26th minute.

Al Jazireh tried hard to equalise and a goal was ruled offside by the linesman, but Amjad Diyabat netted in the equaliser in the 75th minute.

However, Al Fuheis managed to score their second goal from a header by Wa'ed Suweis in 82nd minute.

In another match, Al Arabi moved up one place to 7th after their 1-0 win over Al Yarmouk who thus dropped to last place and are in the danger zone, as the last four teams will be relegated.

Both teams lost some good scoring chances that might have given the match a different flavour.

Standings after 15th week

Team	P	W	D	GP	L	GF	GA	PTs
Farsali	14	12	1	1	-	36	8	39
Ahli	14	7	4	-	3	22	13	29
Hussein	15	6	4	2	3	22	13	28
Ramtha	15	7	2	1	5	25	18	26
Wihdat	14	6	3	-	3	13	10	26
Qadissieh	15	5	4	2	4	22	17	25
Arabi	15	4	4	-	7	18	29	20
Baqaa	15	5	2	-	7	14	25	20
Jazireh	15	2	6	-	7	17	21	18
Fuheis	15	4	1	-	9	10	25	15
Sahab	14	2	3	-	7	13	20	14
Yarmouk	15	4	-	-	9	13	26	14

*These teams have postponed matches

NEWS IN BRIEF

Bad weather hits British soccer programme

LONDON (AP) — Heavy rain and snow hit Saturday's British soccer programme, adding a host of postponements to the two games called off Friday. A waterlogged St. James' Park pitch saw the Newcastle-Ipswich match become the second English premiership game to fall victim to the weather, following the Sheffield United-Queens Park Rangers fixture, postponed Friday. Torrential rain also forced the postponement of three matches in each of the three other English divisions. Scotland was worse affected. Heavy snow left only two games in the premier division.

Chinese apologise for ceremony storm

LILLEHAMMER (AP) — Zhang Yanmei, the Chinese short-track speed skater, is to apologise for storming away from the medals ceremony after the controversial 500m final. "The athlete and the Chinese Olympic Committee are apologising and we're happy with that," IOC press chief Andrew Napiers said. Yanmei, who finished second, had claimed Cathy Turner obstructed her when the American swept past her on the final end to snatch the gold.

Samaranch popularity soars

LILLEHAMMER (AP) — IOC President Juan Antonio Samaranch is three times as popular in Norway as he was at the beginning of the games — but he still wouldn't be advised to run for public office here. Despite his high-profile flight to Sarajevo and a personal invitation for King Harald to present the medals in Sunday's 500m cross country, Samaranch is held in esteem by only 22 per cent of Norwegians, according to a poll carried out as the games come to a close. That, however, is a massive improvement on the six per cent who said they had a high opinion of him at the start of the games.

Nosy neighbours stop gambling

LILLEHAMMER (AP) — An illegal casino set up in a rented house in Lillehammer for the Olympics has been closed down by police after a tip-off from neighbours. Ten people were arrested and a loaded pistol, 65,000 kroner in various currencies, a roulette table, chips and playing cards were confiscated. "Lillehammer is really just a village and nothing much goes on without somebody telling us about it," a police spokesman said.

Gees cancels French concert

(AP) — The group Bee Gees, featuring Michael Jackson's Ex-film, has no more dates in France after their record album. Barry Gibb, who was top of the charts with their hit "Stayin' Alive," the Prince of Wales to perform at the Mediterranean port of April 9, in Paris on April 10, in London, and April 11, in New York. The group has now decided to offer a night massage.

(AP) — Those who sit in some flights, paid a pound and a half in their seats, the backs of the sky massaged, and never inflight, and the massage styles, will be bound to the lower back. Said: "Users will be pleased in the first class." Tokyo to New York, the company that it was planned.

Hawks beat Bucks to stay atop standings

ATLANTA (R) — Mookie Blaylock scored 24 points and dished off 10 assists to help the Atlanta Hawks stay tied for the best record in the Eastern Conference with a 111-101 victory over the Milwaukee Bucks Friday.

Kevin Willis added 21 points for the Hawks, including 17 in the fourth quarter, when the Hawks took command. Willis also finished with a game-high 13 rebounds....

Ken Norman and Eric Murdock scored 22 points apiece to lead the Bucks. The victory enabled the Hawks to stay tied with the Chicago Bulls, who beat Washington Friday.

At Utah, Jay Humphries scored 23 points and David Benoit added a season-high 18 points and 14 rebounds to power the Utah Jazz to their fourth straight win, a 107-97 victory over the Phoenix Suns.

Charles Barkley scored 21 points to pace the Suns, who lost for only the second time in a six games since the All-Star break.

In Denver, Mahmoud Abdul Rauf scored 28 points to lead the Denver Nuggets to a 102-94 victory over the struggling New York Knicks.

Laphonso Ellis added 19 for Denver, which won for the fifth time in its last six games.

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Vreni gets first Alpine Gold for Swiss, Germany takes biathlon gold medal

LILLEHAMMER, Norway (AP) — Vreni Schneider recaptured some of the glory of Calgary in the last women's Alpine race of the Lillehammer Games Saturday. After a six-year gold medal drought in their national sport, the trilingual Swiss could say: "Enfin" "finalmente."

"Finally," in German, French and Italian.

By winning the special slalom, Schneider gave Switzerland its first Alpine gold medal since the 1988 Calgary Games and earned her fifth career Olympic medal. She also became the first woman in Olympic history to win three Olympic Alpine gold medals.

Germany shot perfectly on the rifle range and never lost its early cross-country lead to defend its Olympic title in the men's 30-kilometre biathlon relay. Russia won silver and France bronze.

The biathlon silver enabled

Russia to hold second place in the Lillehammer medals race with 23 overall. Germany, now with 22, strengthened its hold on third place.

With one day of competition left here, host Norway had a virtual unbeatable lead in the national standings, with 25 total medals.

Norway's strong Alpine team, which swept the men's combined Friday, is favourites in the wrup men's slalom on closing day.

The Russian ice hockey team, successor to a dynasty that had won eight of the last 10 Olympic golds, was playing for just a bronze medal Saturday night, after losing 4-3 in its semifinal Friday against Sweden. The Swedes will play Sunday for the gold against Canada, a 5-3 winner over previously unbeaten and untried Finland.

Also on Saturday program-

me were three short-track speedskating races — the men's 500 metres and 5,000-metre relay and the women's 1,000.

On the ski slopes north of Lillehammer, Schneider — fifth after the first slalom run — had to go all out on her second run to beat archrival Pernilla Wiberg of Sweden.

Erlfride Eder of Austria and

Katja Koren of Slovenia.

Schneider slashed her way through the 68 gates of the second run in 56.33 seconds, the fastest time of the day. That gave her a two-run total of 1 minute, 56.01 seconds, 34 faster than Eder's 1:56.35 run for silver.

On the Birkebeineren biath-

lon course, the German quartet of Rico Gross, Frank Luck, Mark Kirchner and Sven

Fischer clocked 1 hour, 30 minutes, 22.1 seconds over 30 kilometres. They edged the

Russians by 61.5 seconds.

France was third, 2:09.2 mi-

nutes behind.

Three of the Germans — Gross, Kirchner and Fischer — raced on the team that won the gold at Albertville.

"The Margin was safe," said

Kirchner, who won two gold and one silver in the 1992 games. "It makes you calm at the range. I was calm, I could shoot calmly and I could ski calmly."

German's Harald Czudaj, sixth at Albertville, positioned himself for a medal in Sunday's four-man bobsled final. He

had Saturday's fastest run, zip-

ping down the 10-turn Hunder-

fossen course in 51.67 seconds

of 51.88 gave him an aggregate

time of 1:43.55, 12-hundredths

of a second faster than Switzer-

land Gustav Weder.

"Both runs were not bad,

although I'm happier with my performance in the first run," said Czudaj, who has admitted spying on his teammates for

raced for east Germany. "We just have to persevere, stay loose."

Weder, dubbed "Professor

Bobsled" back home, re-

mained the gold-medal

favourite, though. Weder, 32, was superior in practice almost every day.

Solari to coach Saudi team

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina (AP) — Saudi Arabia's national

soccer team will compete in the World Cup under the guidance of an Argentine coach.

Jorge Solari, the government announced.

"Indio" (the Indian) Solari, as he is known to Argentine fans, was responsible for the transfer last year of star Diego Maradona to league team Newell's Old Boys. Both resigned in December after poor results sent Newell's to the bottom of the standings.

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Charles Barkley scored 21 points to pace the Suns, who lost for only the second time in a six games since the All-Star break.

In Seattle, the Boston Celtics set a team record for futility as Seattle's Kendall Gill scored season-high 25 points to give the SuperSonics a 115-102 victory and deal the Celts their 11th straight defeat.

The loss broke a club record of 10 straight losses, set in January 1949.

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NEWS IN BRIEF

Shbeilat seen winning union election

AMMAN (J.T.) — Former Lower House of Parliament Deputy Laith Shbeilat was tipped to clinch the Jordan Engineering Association presidency from incumbent Husni Abu Ghaida as the Jordan Times went to press Saturday. With a total of 6,600 votes cast Friday and Saturday, the turnout was the highest in the history of the association's elections, whose previous high was 4,400 votes cast in 1992. Early results indicated that six of the nine posts on the association's executive committee would almost certainly be held by members of the Muslim Brotherhood's White list. Mr. Shbeilat, an independent, is backed by the pan-Arab leftist coalition known as the Green List which is expected to win two of the association's nine seats.

Top FIS leaders moved out of jail

PARIS (R) — The two top leaders of Algeria's banned Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) have been transferred from military jail and put under house arrest on the eve of a possible amnesty, an Algerian newspaper reported on Saturday. The daily Liberte said FIS President Abbasi Madani and his deputy Ali Belhadj, jailed for 12 years in July 1992, had been moved out of the military prison in Blida south of the capital.

Branch Davidians cleared in murder trial

SAN ANTONIO (AP) — A jury acquitted all 11 Branch Davidians of murder and murder conspiracy Saturday, accepting defence lawyers' claims that cult members acted in self-defence when they gunned down four federal agents during last year's botched raid. All 11 defendants — six of whom were foreign-born — were charged with murder and murder conspiracy, which carry sentences of up to life in prison. Some also faced firearms charges. Four agents from the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms were killed Feb. 28, 1993, in a shootout with David Koresh's followers as they tried to arrest the cult leader on weapons charges. Six Davidians were killed in the shootout with about 75 agents.

Fundamentalist hanged for Foda killing

CAIRO (AFP) — A militant was hanged in a prison here on Saturday for the murder of secular writer Farag Foda, officials said. Ashraf Abdul Shafi' Ramadan was found guilty in December for the 1992 killing of the writer, who was an outspoken critic of Islamic fundamentalism. At his trial Ramadan insisted that others had carried out the killing but said he would go happily to the gallows. He had thanked God for granting him "the chance to become a martyr." Ramadan was the chief accused of 12 militants on trial for killing Foda, who was gunned down as he left his Cairo house with his son on June 7, 1992. He became the 30th Muslim militant to be hanged since last June. Another fundamentalist suspected of involvement in the Foda killing, Ashraf Al Sayed Ibrahim, was executed in July for attempting to assassinate Information Minister Safwat Al Sherif on April 20.

Iran, Germany reschedule debts

NICOSIA (AP) — Iran has rescheduled 4.5 billion Deutsche marks (\$2.6 billion) in debts owed to German companies, a senior official said Saturday in Tehran. The agreement is likely to anger the United States, which had urged Germany to isolate Iran on grounds it sponsors international terrorism. Mahmoud Vaezi, deputy foreign minister for Euro-American affairs, told the Tehran Times newspaper that the payments — which had been due this year — would now be made between 1996 and the year 2000. Mr. Vaezi spoke to the newspaper on return from a three-day trip to Germany during which he met senior officials including Chancellor Helmut Kohl.

Walker named U.S. ambassador to Egypt

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Bill Clinton announced Friday that he had nominated Edward Walker as ambassador to Egypt. The 53-year-old career diplomat began at the State Department in 1967 and currently serves under the U.S. ambassador to the United Nations. He was ambassador to the United Arab Emirates from 1989 to 1992. Mr. Walker has been posted in Israel, Syria, Lebanon, Tunisia, Egypt and Saudi Arabia and was part of the U.S. delegation to the Mideast peace talks from 1979 to 1981 under then-President Jimmy Carter.

Kuwait marks liberation anniversary

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwaitis beat drums, honked car horns and hung flags from skyscrapers on Saturday to celebrate the third anniversary of their liberation from Iraqi occupation. Revelers jammed central streets through the night. They watched fireworks and sprayed each other with canned foam to mark a U.S.-led coalition's 1991 liberation of the emirate. Kuwaitis, required to fast during daylight in the Holy Month of Ramadan, curtailed the celebrations before dawn. Some were expected to resume the revelry in the evening. The festivities were more subdued than in previous years following a police campaign against rowdy behaviour by youths.

Iraq equips Iranian rebels with weapons'

TEHRAN (AFP) — Iraq has recently provided the Iranian rebel group, Mujahedeen-e-Khalq, with sophisticated weapons and other military equipment, an Iraqi opposition group charged Saturday. The Supreme Council of the Islamic Revolution in Iraq (SCI), quoted by the Iranian news agency, said four ground-to-air missile launching pads, Katyusha rockets, tanks and radar equipment were delivered to the Mujahedeen, the main armed opposition based in Iraq. The Mujahedeen, using helicopters, tanks, heavy artillery and anti-aircraft guns, held a four-day military exercise earlier this month in Iraq near the border with Iran.

Olympic security fears for Israelis

LILLEHAMMER (AFP) — Israel's three-man team at the Winter Olympics plans to take part in Sunday's closing ceremony despite security fears in the wake of the Hebron massacre. An Israeli spokesman, who asked to remain anonymous, told AFP on Saturday: "It won't change anything, we're here for sport not for politics. It's terrible, it's sad but you can't mix politics and sport." Lillehammer police spokesman Roger Andresen said: "The incidents in Hebron have been taken into account when planning the last two days of the games and of the Israeli delegation."

Quake hits Iran; no casualty reports

NICOSIA (R) — A new earthquake, the 13th in the last four days, hit southeastern Iran on Saturday near the border with Afghanistan and Pakistan, the Iranian news agency IRNA said. It said the earthquake, measuring 5.7 on the Richter scale, hit areas near Zabol, a town close to the point where Iran, Afghanistan and Pakistan meet in Sistan-Baluchestan province. It did not report any damage or casualties.

Somali leaders holding talks in Egypt

NAIROBI (AFP) — Self-styled Somali President Ali Mahdi Mohammad was in Cairo on Saturday for talks with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak on the Somali crisis, Mr. Ali Mahdi said. Mogadishu reported in a statement transmitted here. The radio quoted Mr. Ali Mahdi as saying that his visit to Cairo was at the invitation of the Egyptian president, who is current chairman of the Organisation of Africa Unity. Mr. Mubarak is meeting the heads of Somalia's 15 political organisations to try to resolve the Somali crisis, the radio said. After the Cairo visit, Mr. Ali Mahdi is also scheduled to visit Kenya to speak to Somalis living in its western neighbour, the radio added.

Leaders of anti-Yeltsin rebellion freed from jail

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Leaders of the October 1993 armed revolt against President Boris Yeltsin walked free from Lefortovo prison Saturday five months after being jailed, released under an amnesty approved by parliament last week.

Former Vice-President Alexander Rutskoi, wearing a long grey beard and dressed in a military uniform, emerged from the main entrance of the jail where he and several other Yeltsin foes have been awaiting trial on charges of "organising mass disturbances."

About 200 people waving red banners and shouting "Rutskoi for president" cheered as the leader of the rebellion, accompanied by his wife Ludmila and son, shook hands and thanked his supporters.

"I was with you and will remain with you until the end," Mr. Rutskoi, 47, quoted by Interfax news agency told the crowd before being whisked away in a navy blue Mercedes. "The main thing now is to remain calm," he added.

Earlier, former Speaker Ruslan Khatsabulov, 51, and Albert Makashov, who led the attack on the Ostankino broad-

cast centre on Oct. 3, were discreetly released from a side door of the prison and taken away in a car, eyewitnesses said.

The amnesty prompted Prosecutor General Alexei Kazanik to resign Saturday in protest over the move which he denounced as "one of the most shameful acts of Russian parliamentarianism."

The release of the rebel leaders was viewed as a slap in the face for Mr. Yeltsin who had vowed to punish the organisers of the two days of riot violence "to the strictest extent of the law" for having "raised their hands against Moscow, sacred things."

Mr. Yeltsin dispatched Saturday presidential aide Georgi Saratov to hold talks with Speaker Ivan Rybkin on the decision. ITAR-TASS reported, but the move appeared to come too late.

Mr. Kazanik said he felt he had no legal right to defy parliament. "Neither could he bring himself to release men he called the "instigators" of "murders and pogroms."

The only choice left, he said, was to offer his resignation to Mr. Yeltsin.

"This act of political amnesia

will forever remain a shameful page in Russian parliamentary history," Mr. Kazanik, a 52-year-old legal scholar, said.

His deputy, Vladimir Kravtsov, said he was assuming responsibility for carrying out the amnesty approved this week by the lower house of parliament, the Duma.

Mr. Khatsabulov and Mr. Rutskoi led parliament opposition to Mr. Yeltsin's economic reforms and later headed the legislators who refused to obey the president's order to disband and declared Mr. Rutskoi — a hero of the Afghan war — Russia's president.

The tense standoff, which began in September, turned into street violence when armed hardliners, led by Mr. Makashov and others, attempted to storm government buildings and the main T.V. station in Moscow on Oct. 3.

A day later, Mr. Yeltsin sent tanks and troops to crush the defiant lawmakers. At least 140 people have died in the violence and hundreds were wounded.

A crowd of about 500 supporters and curious onlookers gathered outside the walls of Lefortovo, a forbidding former KGB prison in central Moscow.



Palestinians help an injured comrade following heavy clashes on Saturday with Israeli soldiers in Arab East Jerusalem (AFP photo)

Settlers in Hebron display no remorse over massacre

HEBRON, Occupied West Bank (R) — Jewish seminary students kept their fingers on the triggers of their sub-machineguns while they prayed, ate and chatted with soldiers outside the Cave of the Patriarchs.

They smiled, they laughed. They showed no signs of remorse.

Inside there were pools of blood on the floor of the Biblical shrine, holy to both Jews and Muslims.

Palestinians frequently complain about armed settlers marching through their markets, overturning vegetable stands, vandalising property, and attacking the Arab inhabitants.

In the heart of the city sits the Cave of the Patriarchs, comprising the mosque, the cave where Biblical patriarchs are buried, and a hall for Jewish prayer.

Baruch Goldstein, a 42-year-old doctor from the nearby settlement of Kiryat Arba, had slain dozens of Arab worshippers in the worst massacre in 26 years of conflict between Israel and Arabs over occupied Palestinian land.

In the wake of the carnage, the scene was chilling.

About 30 young Jews who studied at a seminary in the cave complex sat in the sun-shine and munched oranges and sandwiches.

They wore the blue-and-white skullcaps that are part of their Jewish heritage. Like many Israeli settlers allowed to bear arms, they had guns slung over their shoulders. Some kept their fingers on the triggers.

They embraced Israeli soldiers who had cordoned off the mosque after the bloodshed.

Children dressed in leopard and witch costumes for the Jewish holiday of Purim, which fell on Friday, milled around.

Up the road, the streets of Hebron had fallen quiet with the shock of the massacre. The 100,000-strong Jewish community mourned at the houses of the dead or walking back from funerals at the cemetery.

Asked if he condemned the killings, settlers leader Noam Arnon told Reuters:

"This is the result of an accumulation of incidents

here. You cannot take it out of context. The Arabs are constantly attacking Jews here.

Just yesterday, we were praying here and the Arabs were shouting 'Massacre of the Jews.'

Hebron has long been wracked by violence between Arab and Jew. Some of the most extreme Jewish settlers live in enclaves in the middle of the city of 110,000 Arabs.

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Asked if he condemned the killings, settlers leader Noam Arnon told Reuters:

"We hope this serves as a stop cooperating with the enemy and to provide security so all the Jews can pray here without fear."

AFP ADDS: Another settler who refused to be named compared Goldstein with the biblical Samson who fought

typhoid fever.

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Northern Yemenis say south planning a major offensive

SANA (Agencies) — Southern troops are preparing for a major offensive to capture the strategic town of Qaataba, a spokesman of the northern General People's Congress (GPC) party charged Saturday.

The YSP (Yemen Socialist Party) has massed troops and heavy weapons near the former border, which used to divide the former North and South Yemen republics when they united in May 1990, the spokesman said.

"The YSP seems to trigger a full-blown war," he charged.

Reuter, in a Dubai-based report, quoted oil industry sources in the area as saying South Yemenis had sent missiles, tanks and heavy guns to the vital oil province.

"Their forces are getting ready to capture the strategic town of Qaataba, whose occupation would allow them to enter Ibb," a city deeper into the northern region, he charged.

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